The Asheville News
AND MOUNTAIN FARMER.

VOL. XXI. ASHEVILLE, N. C., JUNE 24, 1869. NO. 425.

AGRICULTURAL.

CARE OF HOGS IN SUMMER.

As a rule, the only care hogs receive is confined to the narrow compass of a few weeks before slaughtering them.—During this brief period they make up in stuffing for the time that was lost in the starvation period. From October to Christmas they enjoy a perpetual thanksgiving to compensate for the protracted Lent, which occupies the remainder of the year. It is not wonderful that an Irishman, who observed this practice for the first time, should write to his friends in the Emerald Isle, "that in America they drive in a hog from the woods where he has been for a year, feed him twenty bushels of corn at night and kill him the next morning." It is true the account was exaggerated, as most stories are that are told of things at a remote distance, but after all, it had its foundation in fact.

This neglectful method of raising swine, has been occasioned heretofore by the large number of hogs which were in the country, the ease with which they were raised, and the small price they brought when fattened and sent to market. It is true a little attention might have saved many a litter of pigs from being crushed, drowned or devoured at the season of farrowing, but then this saving of a dozen of young porkers was not considered worth the trouble of furnishing quarters for them or of staying out in the rain a few hours. It is true that many thrifty farmers, who delighted in seeing their other animals in prime condition, would let their hogs make both night and day hideous in their cry for food, and would console themselves with the reflection that it was in the nature of the animal to squeal.

But the time has now come, if it never did before, when it will pay to take care of hogs through the entire stages of their existence. Pork has changed from a drug in the market to a luxury. And this article of food that is [illegible] at the price of out-of-

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condition of the mother.

Again, pigs require sustenance after they are born, and this they derive, as other young animals do, from their mother. Now who has thought, or spoken, or written on the subject of the supply of milk—sow's milk—for young pigs? And yet it is a matter of prime importance, since the milk of no other animal is identical in composition with that of the sow; and even if it was, the young pig is not able to take its supply of nourishment, except through the teats. We need therefore, in order to become successful pig raisers, to give attention to making the sow a fine milk-producing animal. We need to study, as the dairy farmer does, how to secure the largest amount of the richest and most nutritious milk, and how to continue its yield to the longest period, to the end that the numerous hoggish brothers and sisters may have for a considerable period, an ample supply of the nutriment which is best adapted to their growth, and which alone contains all the elements needed to their complete development. That this is not the case ordinarily, every one who has had experience in breeding pigs must have noticed. The calf, lamb, colt and kid often fill themselves and scamper off before the dam's udder is drained, but with rare exception, the swine mother is obliged to drive away her tender offspring or "turn them the cold shoulder" long before their appetite is appeased, as is evidenced by their petitions and unmelodious cries. In this manner the pigs are stunted, their childhood clouded, and their fair prospects darkened at their very outset in in this world of care, for every one knows that a stunted pig is not likely to make a first-class hog. Hog-breeders might learn much that would be of advantage to them by reading the proceedings of the dairymen's conventions, and seeing the kinds of food they recommend for producing and keeping up the supply of milk. They will find out, if they do not know it already, that damp, dirty quarters, a stinted amount of food, and that, mostly dry corn, are things unfavorable to producing much milk, or that which is of a very good quality. On the other hand, they will learn that clean, dry quarters, pure water, bran, middlings, oil-cake, tender grass, clover and young corn are reckoned among the requisites for producing rich milk, and that in abundance.

After weaning time, which in our judgment, should not be hastened, unless the sow is regarded as of more value than her litter of pigs, the food should be such as to develop muscle rather than to cause a deposit of fat. The hog, then, should be supplied with materials that abound in nitrogen, rather than those which are rich in carbon. On this account clover is excellent, as are green corn stalks, root crops and any portion of the cereal grains. Skimmed milk, too, and buttermilk are among the best flesh formers, but in this respect whey is nearly valueless, as nearly all its nitrogenized elements have been removed in the curd.—*Prairie Farmer.*

BOOK FARMING,

EDITORS SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR:—Some men are *born* generals, some mechanics, some orators, some farmers—some adapted to one profession and [illegible]

[illegible] hat is book-farming? It does not mean to take a book in your hand and go to the field, but it means you should read and study everything that you can [illegible]ibly bring to bear on farming, and store it away into your head. But be sure to *master* the subject and learn the [illegible]ue plan. This is the science of agri-[illegible]re. Study bad practice as well as [illegible], and learn of the latter the errors, that you may avoid them. Read books until you become so perfect in theory, and in the use of tools and manure that you will have confidence and the nerve to act, and act at once—not lose time in running about to your neighbors to see when to do a thing and how to do it. [illegible]t let frost or wet or dry weather [illegible] to doubt or dally. Fortify [illegible]th books before you begin—[illegible]s as will teach you everything [illegible]y to your success; and do not [illegible] that you can learn something [illegible] almost every profession.

Book-farming means for the farmer just what book-learning does for the physician. The medical student must read all the books, attend all the lectures and the dissecting room until he can pass, then take his medicines and instruments, go out to practice and test his knowledge. So with book-farming. You must read and study, not only agricultural books, but all books that will apply in any way to that profession.

You need the knowledge of a general to enable you to discipline your laborers to come to time—to move all at once—to know when to charge and when to retreat. You need the knowledge of a banker when your money is made, to know how to invest it, (and this is a very important point.) You want the knowledge of a book-keeper, that you may keep your accounts correctly. In this many farmers fail—they fool themselves, not knowing how to keep debtor and creditor accounts—get in debt and become bankrupts before they know it. You must have some knowledge of mechanics and machinery, or you will never know how to keep implements and machines in order or use them; and if the farmer is ignorant how can he instruct the laborer? You should even have a sufficient knowledge of law to know how to keep out of the courts. You should have some knowledge of commerce and trade, for you have to buy and sell.—You should learn from the merchant order and punctuality. This is no small item in a life-time business.

How is all this to be acquired? By reading and hard study, and making application of the knowledge acquired. Knowledge is power, in agriculture as well as other things; and how are you to get knowledge? Only by reading, study and application. With knowledge you can use the hand as well as the tongue, more effectively.

You must learn the use of tools. A man that has a perfect use of tools, can do double the work one can who knows nothing about their use. Railroads and steamboats have brought men together, and have furnished a partial remedy for want of books.

Messrs. Editors, can you tell what the farmer is now gaining by the use of manures, and by the knowledge received through agricultural papers? Or can you tell what is lost to the State by the farmers not taking agricultural papers and keeping up with the improvements of the day? By reading agricultural papers each farmer may learn and practice all the improvements of every farmer in the State. Who would not subscribe and pay for an agricultural paper for such a reward as that?

No man has a right to put his light under a bushel. Farmers come out and let your light shine! If you cannot afford to give it away by contributing to an agricultural paper, put it in book form and sell it. If you have improved tools, take out patents for them and sell the rights, or give them to the public.

Young men, read, practice and qualify yourselves for one of the noblest of callings. Do not commence where your fathers did, but where they are now, and where the best farmers in the State are, and being young, active and vigorous, make every effort to surpass the best. Be assured there is much to learn yet.

Messrs. Editors, call on all the farmers to subscribe and pay for your paper, and contribute to it. I do not think you have a single reader that would contend that if all the agricultural papers were stopped and associations of farmers abandoned, that agriculture would advance much this generation.—It would certainly fall back during the next. Agricultural reading (especially monthly papers) begets a spirit of emulation, quickens energy and imparts knowledge and confidence. Agricultural papers have the same effect on farmers that the political papers have on politicians—the Bible on christians.—The farmer has nerves and brains, and needs to be stimulated and quickened. A good weekly and monthly agricultural paper are the very things to do it.

The three great essentials are: First, the theory (true plan) of farming; second, the art of controlling labor and executing work to the best advantage with the least labor; third, (last and best,) success depends on a quick perception, wise judgment, that seldom or never errs. How is this to be acquired, except by the use of books and papers, in conjunction with practice?

In conclusion, I will say, to succeed you must not only be superior to your laborers, but you must be so far ahead of them that they shall know your plans are wise, easy to put in practice, and certain of success. Then they will follow you in a charge, as good soldiers will the best of generals. The laborer must have confidence in the man who directs. How are all these qualifications to be secured? I repeat, through books, papers, hard study, observation and practice.—DAVID DICKSON, *in Southern Cultivator.*

BLACKBERRY WINE.

MR. EDITOR:—It may not be known to many of your subscribers that they possess in the blackberry, grown so unwillingly by them in their fields, the means at once, of making an excellent and a valuable medicine for home use. To make a wine equal in value to Port, take ripe blackberries or dewberries and press them, let the juice stand thirty-six hours to ferment, skin off whatever rises to the top, then, to every gallon of the juice, add a quart of water and three pounds of sugar, (brown sugar will do) let this stand in open vessels for twenty-four hours, skim and strain it, then barrel it until March, when it should be carefully racked off and bottled.

Blackberry cordial is made by adding one pound of white sugar to three pounds of ripe blackberries, allowing them to stand for twelve hours, then pressing out the juice, straining it, adding one-third part of spirit, and putting a teaspoonful of finely powdered allspice in every quart of the cordial, it is at once fit for use.

ADDRESS

OF

DR. J. B. PURCELL,

BEFORE THE

LADIES' MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION, OF ASHEVILLE, JUNE 17, 1869.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, SOUTHERNERS!—I can find no language expressive of my thanks to you for selecting me on this most solemn and impressive occasion to give words to the thoughts of the good and the *true* of this community. A stranger comparatively speaking to you, but not a stranger to the love and honor of our noble, and our common God-given country. We are met this pure, peaceful morning to strew flowers, breathing their balmy essence, on the graves of those whom living we honored, whom dead we mourn. We are on holy ground. Ground hallowed by the great deeds of men that cannot die, and by memories which time will never dim, nor tyranny destroy. We are here from no display of disloyalty, but from that loyalty which, springing from the heart, ennobles man, which angels favor, and which our very foes admire. Loyalty to those who fought our battles in obedience to our laws. Loyalty to those who loved Carolina, and readily gave up their lives in her defence. Though the hazard, the frenzy, the pang, and the blood of the struggle is past, we can but sigh and look back on

"——the field where they perished,
The truest, the best of the brave;
All gone, and the bright hopes we cherished
Gone with them, and quenched in the grave."

Though the destroying angel is sweeping with fell desolation the hills and valleys, vales and plains of their country—their "dread name" is remembered, and by none brighter, none dearer, none *truer* than the ladies of their native land.

They are here as visible angels to brush away the weeds, the "moss and lichen of neglect," and plant in their stead the forget-me-not, the primrose, the ivy, and the laurel bay. Woman! Sweetest grace. Noblest impulse. Tenderest affection. Thrilling with pleasure to do her duty to the South, and to its cause, she would peril all, fortune, fame, health, liberty and life, to resurrect these dead, and their deeds of living valor.—She is the bud, the blossom and the bloom of all that is lovely and faithful in nature. She is all that Homer, and other poets of antiquity have said, combining a nobility and a heroism with the purest and the loftiest devotion to her country's honor, and its honored heroes dead. You might as well bid the needle forsake its pole, as woman to deviate from the path of patriotism. Man you can turn, but woman *never*. Her heart beats to-day with the same pulse as it beat in days gone by, to see unfurled the glory encircled

"——flag of freedom flashing
In the sunny southern sky—"

to hear the thunder-distant rattle of the well known southern ringing shout,—

"We will win the day, or die."

While we deck their graves with these flowerets, the first born offering of spring, we know that as fresh as they are the deeds of those who fill them. But if their red cross is set in the west to rise not again, let the cross of evergreen be made and worn, and the garland of our love be woven and hung in rosy colors around it. Let us kindle a fire which latest posterity will feed unto their memory. Throughout Southland this has been done. Sacred mounds and monuments have been made. The work of woman's heart and hands. Her magic influence will preserve these solemn places when the strength of man would fail. She can calm the angry passion; can soften the tyrant's frown; can stay the falling blow. She will sweetly unfold and smoothe away the wrinkles of neglect. Would those jealous of her pious enterprize object, we could point them to the noble examples of the heathen. Cæsar erected a monument over the ashes of the unfortunate Pompey the Great, his enemy, and wept at his fate. Two centuries later the emperor Adrian repaired the same monument. Where is our Cæsar? But two centuries hence will not the christian women of the South do something not unlike the heathen man? We see the future, and answer for her, Yes. Her sweet voice is heard in the glade, and at the purling spring. She is gathering from the bosom of nature the flowers, the foot prints of the Creator, and is weaving them into chaplets of remembrance.—Choirs of cherub children are chanting the praises of our present dead. Two centuries hence will not this whole land, no matter under what government or governments it be, no matter whether it is ruled by presidents, kings, or emperors, be proud of the men whom we now honor? All prejudice will then have been buried, and nothing will be living but the splendor of their achievements. Now they are like the Spartan Agis who was cruelly strangled by an unjust and unwise Ephori for endeavoring to restore the laws of Lycurgus, defamed and decried for endeavoring to reestablish in its pristine purity and vigor what they had won by their blood and toil,—the Bill of Rights, the *magna charta* of their liberty. While their enemies thus vilify them, let us their friends do our duty. These monuments which we commence must be carried on by our children, and our children's children. It is not the work of this age, nor of this generation. It is a work for all time to come. Each succeeding year can do something. We all can add a little. The golden vine of Solomon's Temple was not the work of one person, nor of one year. It was the work of one people, and of centuries. The Rabbins say that, "like a true natu[illegible] men would be offering; some, gold to make a leaf; some a grape: some, a bunch; and these were hung upon it; and so it was increasing continually." The golden vine of love which twines itself around our hearts must live visibly, attesting the lasting affection of our people for these sacred relics. This vine will entwine the whole South. When we reflect, too, upon what these graves contain, the sufferings, the honor, the devotion, the bravery here turning to dust, our veneration will be lofty, our enthusiasm fervent, our constancy fresh, and our offerings pure. Those warriors may be turned to clay. They may sleep without distinction, unknelled save by the voice of drooping sorrow, in a common dark, deep, unconsecrated tomb. Friendly and pale sad faces look upon it most mournfully. Friendly hands dress it with cypress, thyme, and myrtle. Friendly bosoms send aloft the sweet perfume of their sighs to Heaven. Grief lingers around it in drapery. The banners are furled. The host is gone. Their memory only remains. Sleep, soldiers, sleep! Can we forget them? Hear you not their cry from the grave? Comrades of a hundred battles, can you forget us? You who have seen our hot blood spurt on the foe, can you forget us? You who have seen our crimson flag of glory flying in triumph from the red-dyed waters of the Potomac until, like Truth, it was crushed to earth on the fatal hights of the Appomatox, *can* you forget us? You who with us all the while have heard the soul rousing *hurra* of a battle won, CAN you forget us? You women, and you men who cheered us on to die the death for country's [illegible] and for country's glory [illegible] you forget us? Can ye[illegible] us here in the dark [illegible] of oblivion's tomb,

"Unwept, unhonor'd, and unsung?"

No, you respond, your daring deeds we'll cherish. Your names and them we'll weep, we'll honor, and we'll sing.—Though you no longer draw the shining blade, it will be our song and story. Though your stubborn ranks of steel no longer gleam and bristle, they will never be forgotten. Forget you!! Never, *never*, NEVER, NEVER. Such dead! How can we forget them? Stonewall!! The synonym of valor, sagacity, and perseverance. Who can forget him? Ask the friend. Ask the foe. His epitaph is "*non omnis moriar*"—I will not wholly die. No, you will never. You will ever live, and with you will live those legions which you ever led to victory, and *never* to defeat. You will *not* die. No, not as long as the southern constellation is seen in her bright, bright sky. No, not as long as cone-capped Pisgah towers aloft far up into the high heavens. No, not as long as the Black Dome frowns down upon the plain. No, not as long as a Southern heart beats. No, not as long as the name of your enemy lives.—*You will not die.* Your memory and your deeds will be ever fresh. Thousands live who love them, and their great actions. They who were fierce in war, and who are now mild in peace, great in council, cheerful in the home circle, will cherish them. The young men of the land, and the rising generation, and generations yet unborn, will cherish them. The young men of the land have virtue, and valor, and energy enough to overthrow those corrupt and crafty politicians who are disgracing their country.—They will reestablish on a firm basis the honor, the integrity, and the fallen fortunes of their noble "Old North State." They will preserve the memories of those dead, and their deeds emblazoned high on the crest of love and veneration. Their great examples they will imitate. I feel that every young man in the hearing of my voice and in the whole South, rather than league with his enemies, rather than enter their camp, if he entered at all, would enter as a Roman, another Mutius Scævola, lay his right hand on the burning coals to patriotism and turning to his country's slanderers say: You that have turned your eyes from honor, and honesty and love of fatherland, and concentrated then on guilt, perjury, fraud and falsehood, and on the Almighty Greenback, THAT *I* do for my honor, for the honor of my country and its noble dead. My country has many such men. She needs more. When did she need them so sorely? In her hour of wealth, and peace, and prosperity? In her hour of victory and fame, and when those who have turned traitor to her since were basking in her smiles, and fawning on her bosom? In her hour of power when those very creatures crouched at her feet? No—no—no—she wants them now! Now, when "your country is desolate, your cities are burned with fire: your land, strangers devour it in your presence, and it is desolate, as overthrown by strangers." Prophetic words! Now, when every upstart is kicking at her. Now, when she is drooping, drooping, drooping; dying, dying, dying! Now, she needs support. Who will defend her? Who will our

"——bleeding country save!
Is there no arm on high to shield the brave?"

The *true* understand, and see the force of this language. To the *false* it is a dagger of poison. He who is false to his country will be false to his mother, and false to his God. The day is not distant when he would turn aside from his "idols of silver, and his idols of gold," and would seek a return to the betrayed fold. He will find it heavily barred on the outer gate. He took safety side of his country in her [illegible] took her in her and triumph [illegible]ication and trial. He was dar[illegible] not a man but a monster, not a brave man but a coward; not an honest man but a knave; not a freeman but a slave. A brave man would defend her to the last, in politics as in wars. An honest man would *cling* to her come weal, come woe. A slave, is a slave still—ever crouching, ever cringing, ever fawning, ever licking the hand of Power for the piece of silver.

Such characters may imagine all manner of things as to the propriety of performing this sacred work. But the *true* will laugh to scorn such imbecility, or hypocrisy. They will awake to the tocsin of patriotism and stamp under their feet the demagogism of those

who are prostituting their talents, adding the last touch of degradation to their country, and the last indelible stain of black infamy to their names. Justice will again sit blindfolded on the bench. Honor will govern, and Honesty will be found in the capitol. They would condemn this Godlike work! The stern Jew, and the barbarous soldier of Rome, put to a most ignominious death the gentle Jesus. With all their hatred, and with all their barbarity, they did not prevent the body to be taken down, anointed, sprinkled with sweet spices, and placed in a monument. Forsooth those may be found in this land who are more bitter, and more thick-headed than the Jew; more barbarous, and more hostile than the harsh heathen soldiery! No Joseph of Arimathea will be found among them, but many a Judas. The man who would be kept from coming to settle here account of this holy duty would be evidently more savage than either Jew or Gentile. He would be lost to every manly impulse; lost to every Christian generous feeling; lost to every liberal political sentiment. That man had better keep away. The community can very well spare him.—He would be an enemy to your name, an enemy to your fame, an enemy to your lineage, an enemy to everything that stamps upon you the characteristics of the Anglo-Saxon race. Can such a man be found? Can he exist? Surely not. The day for that is gone. The kindly hand of friendship is being outstretched in the land. Men are losing their prejudices gradually. There is a friendship that has ever lived, and that will never pale. The friendship which is formed on the blood-red field of battle. The friendship which is among brave men. The friendship which springs from the hearts of the dying, and is but the echo of the last words of the bleeding patriot—*I die unconquered*. This

"Friendship is like the sun's eternal rays;
Not daily benefits exhaust the flame,
It still is giving, and still burns the same."

This is the friendship which cements the soul, which binds the Memorial Societies, and which breathes a heavenly savor. This is friendship *to death, to our death*, and for OUR DEAD. The man who will cherish their memory will have this friendship, and he who will not, nor their exploits, will have it

—mothers, sisters, sweethearts!! Their friendship who can measure it? Who can fathom woman's love? Her tears will glitter like the dew drops of Zion, and moisten the green sods of their graves, and

"Though yet no marble column craves
The pilgrim here to pause,"

her best, and her speediest endeavor will be made to procure a suitable shaft, and a suitable railing, to commemorate the deeds of those noble dead, and as a lasting monument to the great and good work which we have this day so happily commenced.

REVENUE DECISION.—Commissioner Delano has issued a circular stating that no property seized by an internal revenue officer will be released by an order from the Commissioner, until the officer who made the seizure, and the Assessor and Collector of the district have reported the facts in the case with their recommendation, or had ample opportunity to make a report and recommendation.

The joint committee of the Board of Trade and Chamber of Commerce, in Cincinnati, have arranged to have cannon fired, bells rung and much music on the 26th inst., when the vote on the $10,000,000 for the Southern railroad will be taken. Chattanooga has been determined upon as the terminus.

A Mineral Spring which possesses great medicinal virtue, says the *Vindicator*, has been recently discovered in McDowell county, within a half mile of the Devil's Ball Alley. Its waters are said to be strongly impregnated with iron, sulphur and arsenic.

Syracuse prize fight took place near [illegible] between two men, last Saturday week, McGuire, in which the [illegible] Donnelly and stantly killed by a violent blow upon the temple. Donnelly at once fled to Canada.

Accounts from the other side of the South Carolina line say that the rust has injured the wheat so badly in some places, that not more than a half crop is anticipated.—*Exchange.*

It is officially announced that the interest on the bonds and stocks of the State of South Carolina, for the two years ending July 1st, prox., will be paid on and after that day.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has decided that the negro is eligible to office. This settles the vexatious question in that State for the present.

A REMARKABLE LETTER FROM THE HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

The Hon. A. H. Stephens has written a long and elaborate letter to the *National Intelligencer*, giving his views as to the prime cause of the war between the North and the South, and closing with some speculations as to our political future. We copy the concluding paragraphs of the letter:

And now, Messrs. Editors, do you ask, *Cui bono?* Why so much written upon the dead issues of the past, when questions of so much magnitude of a practical character press upon the public mind? If so, the reply is two fold. First to vindicate the truth of history, which is itself a high duty on the part of any one who has it in his power to do it; and in the second place, to show the people of these States in this vindication, not only the true cause, the real "*causa causans*" of the late war, but the real cause of their present troubles.—The Federal machinery for the last ten years has been abnormal in its action. It must be brought back to the Jeffersonian doctrines, and made to conform in its workings with the organic principles of its structure, before there can possibly be a return of the days of peace, harmony prosperity and happiness which formerly marked our course. There is no other hope for constitutional liberty on this continent. Judge Nicholas may "dream dreams" about another constitutional amendment, providing a new mode of electing the President, but the remedy lies in no such device as that. It lies simply in bringing back the government in its administration to original first principles. This is to be done not by secession, however rightful and efficient a remedy that might be. That is abandoned. Nor is it to be done by force or violence of any kind, except the force of reason and the power of truth. It is to be done, if at all, at the ballot-box. Free institutions are more generally lost than established, or strengthened, by a resort to physical force. They are eminently the achievement of virtue, patriotism and reason. That our institutions, and even nominal form of government is now in great danger, the prudent, sagacious, and wise everywhere admit. An able editorial in your own paper, not long since, put the pertinent and grave question, "Whither are we drifting?" To this question I take occasion for one to give you a direct and positive answer. We are drifting to consolidation and empire, and will land there at no distant period as certainly as the sun will set this day, unless the people of the several States awake to a proper appreciation of the danger, and save themselves from the impending catastrophe by arresting the present tendency of public affairs. This they can properly do only at the ballot-box. All friends of constitutional liberty in every section of the State, must unite in this grand effort. They must seriously consider and even *reconsider* many questions to which they have given but slight attention heretofore. They must acquaint themselves with the principles of their government, and provide security for the future by studying and correcting the errors of the past.

This is the only hope, as I have stated for the continuance of even our present nominal form of government. Depend upon it, there is no difference between consolidation and empire! No difference between centralism and imperialism! The end of either, as well as all of these, is the overthrow of liberty and the establishment of despotism. I give you the word of truth in great earnestness—words which however received or heeded now, will be rendered eternally true by the developments of the future.

Yours, most respectfully,
ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

THE EDITORIAL DUEL.

The duel referred to in our last, between Capt. Wm. Cameron of the Petersburg *Index*, and Robt. W. Hughes, of the Richmond *Republic*, came off on the 12th inst, in North Carolina, just this side of the Virginia line. The weapons used were regular duelling pistols; distance ten paces. At the word Capt. Cameron fired without hitting Hughes, whereupon the latter took deliberate aim, and shot Capt. Cameron in the left breast, the ball striking the ribs and glancing off leaving a painful, but not dangerous wound. The following paper was signed by the second of Capt. Cameron, and accepted by the second of Hughes.

"Mr. W. E. Cameron received a flesh wound immediately over the lower lobe of the left lung, which disabled him entirely, according to the statement of his physician. Mr. Hughes having demanded a second fire, was informed by us that Mr. Cameron was unable to receive another fire. Mr. Hughes having refore adjournment, the meeting is there-

It is believed the difficulty is not yet ended.

The Tennessee radicals are beginning to fear their present quarrel may result in Andy Johnson quietly slipping into the gubernatorial chair. Fight away, lads, there is no danger.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Hon. Henry J. Raymond, editor of the New York *Times*, left the office at midnight perfectly well and died this morning.

Mr. Philip D. Ray, of Spartanburg county, S. C., was thrown from his horse one day last week, and killed.

Asheville News and Farmer.

Thursday, June 24, 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

ROBERT M. STOKES, } Editors,
GEORGE W. SITES. }

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We have reduced the price for publishing Court orders to $8, TO BE PAID STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. Clerks and others having such orders for publication will save their time in writing and the expense for postage by not sending them to us unless they send the cash.

NOTICE THE X MARK.
Each subscriber who finds a ✕ mark on his paper is thereby reminded of two important facts: 1st, that we have adopted the cash system, irrespective of persons, and 2d, that the time for which they subscribed has expired, and, unless they renew, the paper will be discontinued to them *in two weeks.*

Asheville Church Services.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. H. H. BANKS.—Services every Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 3½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

METHODIST.—Rev. L. K HAYNES.—Services every Sabbath at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

EPISCOPAL.—Rev. JARVIS BUXTON.—Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 4 P. M. Sunday School at 9½ o'clock, A. M. Colored Sunday School at 3 P. M.

BAPTIST.—Rev. THOS. STRADLEY.—The Pastor being absent, the services are irregular at present. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

☞ The *Vindicator* says that a difficulty occurred last week at Pore's Ford in which William Massey, a one legged man, was shot and seriously injured.

☞ The Stockholders of the Holston Conference Female College meet at the College Chapel to-morrow (Friday) evening, on important business. See call in another column.

☞ Hon. Thos. A. Jenckes, M. C. of Rhode Island has placed us under obligations for a copy of his speech on the Civil Service delivered in the House of Representatives, April 5th.

☞ We have received copies of the annual Catalogue of the Holston Conference Female College, and the Literary Address of the Rev. B. Arbogast delivered at the Commencement of that institution on the 20th of May last. The pamphlet will receive attention in our next.

☞ In our notice, week before last, of the trial of Robert Pearson at Henderson Superior Court, we stated that Mr. S. V. Pickens acted for the prosecution as "volunteer counsel."—That gentleman has since informed us that he was regularly employed by the prosecutrix to assist in the case.

☞ The Spartanburg *Gazette* and Carolina Spartan both come to us this week [illegible] and bearing intelligence of the demise of Dr. P. M. Wallace, editor of the former paper. Dr. W. was in the 73d year of his age, had been a useful citizen, highly esteemed as a journalist and leaves a wide circle of friends to lament his loss.

☞ What has become of Winnecke's comet, which was to have made its appearance long before this, according to the calculations of the "wise men." It has not come to time. The gentlemen who are versed in astronomical lore are at fault, they will have to overhaul their figures, and explain the short-comings of the heavenly knight-errant.

☞ The people of Boston, having come to the conclusion that the war is about over, are now having a great Peace Jubilee in that city. A despatch says it "was opened with prayer by four thousand preachers." President Grant and a host of notabilities were present; an immense concourse of people flocked thither; the gingerbread and pea-nut trade flourishes, and Boston is happy.

☞ What has become of the petition gotten up a few months ago, praying Governor Holden to turn out the present municipal authorities of Asheville, and appoint a set of his own? We have been waiting a long time to hear the result and are about tired of the delay. Won't some of the signers of that petition let us have light on the subject? The Governor got it all safe enough. We know *that*. But where is it now?

☞ The Annual Commencement of the radicalized University of North Carolina took place some days since, with a great flourish of trumpets. An immense crowd of seventy-five (!) persons, white, black, professors, students, and all, were gathered together upon the occasion. The students were exactly SEVEN—a mystical number, prophetic of great things to come. Seven always was a wonderful number. Would'nt wonder if it takes seven years yet for the University to get over its present sickness.

Glorious Trout Fishing.

Ye who are tied down to the "double, double, toil and trouble," of every day life, who yearn for a rod and line, a stroll along our mountain streams, and a chance for "a bite," read this, and if you have tears to shed, shed 'em now, for you will never have a better occasion.

Last week, our friend from Ohio, Col. James A. Aston, took a trip to Pigeon River to see if he could secure a few dozen of the trout for which our mountains are so justly celebrated. [illegible] believed that in the short space of a day and a half, [illegible] with the assistance of but one other, caught, with the rod and line, five hundred and fifty of the finest trout we have seen for many a day. We had our share, and *know* they were delightful. Who can beat such fishing as that? Who? Echo, like an old owl, cannot answer anything but "Who-o-o."

Mr Aston received every hospitality at the hands of the Haywood folks, and expresses himself highly gratified with the courtesies extended him. He is somewhat surprised that reports, circulated by designing men to the effect that Northern men were received with suspicion here, should obtain credence at the North, whereas his own experience is exactly the opposite.

The Bench and the Bar.

Our information relative to the recent *imbroglio* between the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Bar of the State, is quite meagre, owing to the failure of the mails. Our latest Raleigh paper is dated the 17th inst. From the Richmond *Whig*, however, of last Saturday, we learn that the gentlemen upon whom the rule had been served debarring them from the privilege of practicing in the Court until they had purged themselves of the alleged contempt, appeared, on the preceding Wednesday, by their counsel, and the following answer was submitted for one and all.

The several answer of B. F. Moore to the rule herein made by said court and served upon him:

This respondent protesting that a rule which deprives him even temporarily of his privilege as an Attorney of said court, ought not to have been made in his absence, without notice to him, and without affidavit or other legal proof of the facts upon which said rule is based, respectfully answers:

I. That he admits the signing and publishing of the paper called "A solemn protest of the bar of North Carolina against judicial interference in political affairs," but insists that the Supreme Court hath no authority in law to make a jurisdiction to enforce said rule.

II. That the publication referred to in said rule is not libellous. and doth not tend to impair the respect due to the authority of said court.

III. And for further answer this respondent saith that said paper was conceived and prepared during the recent political canvass for the Presidency, and its publication deferred until after the close of the canvass, to avoid its having the appearance of a partisan document. He admits that his purpose was to express his disapprobation of the conduct of individuals occupying high judicial stations, yet, as an act of justice to himself against the charge made in the rule, he not only disavows, in signing and publishing said paper, any intention of committing a contempt of the Supreme Court or of impairing the respect due to its authority, but, on the contrary, he avows his motive to have been to preserve the purity which had ever distinguished the administration of justice by the courts of this State.

Affidavit to this answer was made in due form.

Messrs. W. H. Battle, D. G. Fowle, S. J. Person, D. A. Barnes, and W. N. H. Smith appeared as counsel for the respondents, each delivering an argument to show that the Protest complained of was no contempt of Court.

The Court reserved its opinion, but the impression, outside, seems to be that it will be favorable to the Bar.

Beginning to Growl.

An excellent friend, writing to us from Jackson county, urges us to republish the State Constitution, also a list comparing the officers and their salaries under the existing state of affairs with what they were previously. He says the radicals in his vicinity are beginning to open their eyes to the rascality practiced upon them by the party in power, and "getting very sick of their pretended good friends," now that the taxes are to be collected. The midnight leagues are losing their attractions, and radicalism its sweet savor. It is to be regretted that our space will not permit us to reproduce the documents called for. The majority of our readers have seen them, and know all about them. They are not very *pleasant* reading, and we would be loath to inflict them again upon the many for the gratification of a few, to the exclusion of other and more interesting matter. As for the taxes, what else could have been expected under radical rule? The prediction was ding-donged into the people's ears morning, noon and night before the election, but for all the good it did, we might as well have talked to a cabbage patch. The naked truth is upon them now—upon the very men who helped to saddle this state of things upon us, and though we cannot be expected to have much sympathy for *them*, we do sympathize most sincerely with the good and true men, like our correspondent, who labored zealously but fruitlessly with us for a better consummation. As it is, all we have to do is to grin and bear it until we can get a respectable Legislature, and that will not be—mark it!—for *nearly four years hence.* Our correspondent talks about getting up resolutions and memorials to the Legislature—all well enough if we had a Legislature which represented the *real* people of the State, which the one we have does *not* do. The majority of our present General Assembly would pay about as much attention to memorials &c, praying for a reduction of the taxes, as they would to a petition to cut their own *per diem* down to a reasonable limit. They have been having a regular demon-dance at the capital, squandering millions upon millions of the people's money recklessly and infamously, and now the people must pay the piper. It is the people's own fault, and we are only sorry that good men have to suffer for the blindness and perversity of those who ought to have known and done better.

Bayonets to Collect the Taxes.

A late despatch from Washington says: "The Revenue Bureau is authorized to employ troops in North Carolina when necessary to carry out the Revenue Laws."

The above is a simple announcement, but it is pregnant with evil, and is but another sign pointing to the absolute tendencies of the men who now control the destiny of our country. When a sufficient excuse can be framed to call in the troops, and Federal taxes are collected at the point of the bayonet, then our people will witness what has not occurred in our State, during a time of profound peace, since the days King George was master here. The sober, second thought may yet prevail at Washington; we trust it will prevail. The laws of North Carolina are potent enough to protect any official in the discharge of his legitimate duties, whatever they may be; and even were they not, the general sentiment of the community would frown down any attempt to resist the constituted authorities. In accepting reconstruction, we have accepted its concomitant evils, and shall bear with them until the conservative people all over the land shall have become strong enough to abolish them by that sure but peaceful remedy—the ballot-box.

☞ There is an apprehension in the minds of some of our people that the mails east of this are improperly tampered with. From excellent authority we learn that letters have been received on the route between this place and Salisbury, which had been indubtably opened. Though not sufferers ourselves so far, to our knowledge, we state the fact in order to call to it the attention of those whose business it is to look after such things. The simple utterance of such an apprehension is sufficient ground for "the government of the people" to look keenly after the people's rights, and to put forth its energies in search of the offender or offenders if such there be.

The Commemoration Solemnities.

On Thursday last, the ladies of Asheville, in emulation of their sisters throughout the Southern land, paid tribute to the memory of the dead soldiers whose remains are buried in and about this vicinity, and another page was added to the grand epic which Time is writing of woman's constancy and devotion. At dawn the day promised to be a beautiful one, but long before nine o'clock, the hour at which the participants were to assemble at the Presbyterian church, the skies became overcast, and the rain began to fall. Perhaps it as was well, for

"Happy are the dead whom the rain rains on."

at the same hour when human tears are raining too. The storm preventing out-door ceremonies for a time, it was resolved under the circumstances, to have the speaking in the church, after which the graves in the adjacent cemeteries could be decorated, while those who had attended in their carriages could repair to the Newton Academy, and perform the same pious duty for the graves there.

Notwithstanding the storm, the ladies gathered in full numbers, matrons and maidens, laden with floral offerings, each one intent upon doing full honor to the *names* of our martyrs. Undisturbed by petty jealousies, careless alike of censure or applause, and respending only to the purer, higher and holier emotions of woman's nature, they came with warm hearts to the shrine of memory, to rekindle once again the fires of affection and regret, whose embers lay smouldering upon its altar. Rev. Robert Hett Chapman, D. D., of the Presbyterian church, opened the exercises with an eloquent, solemn, and highly appropriate invocation to the Most High; after which, the orator of the day, Dr. J. B. Purcell, took the stand and delivered the stirring address which we publish in another column. The remarks of Dr. P. were listened to with profound attention, and wakened a response in every true heart present. The in-door exercises were closed with an impressive prayer by Rev. Geo. T. Wilmer, D. D., of the Episcopal church.

By this time, the rain had ceased to fall, and the entire throng passed out into the adjoining graveyards to place their wreaths and bouquets upon the last resting place, of the noble men who have "fought their last battle," and whom no sound willawaken to glory again." Thence, the participants repaired to the Newton Academy, where the same duties were performed in honor of the sleepers there.

In the afternoon the sun shone out beautifully, as if to pronounce a silent but sublime benediction upon the deeds of the day. Quite a number of ladies, who had been deterred by the rain from venturing out in the morning, repaired to the cemetery before night, and added their tributes to the floral offerings already deposited. One lady, residing some miles from Asheville, brought with her a wagon laden with choice flowers which she had gathered from her own garden, and those of her willing neighbors, and liberally decorated the graves at the Newton Academy. Dear, old lady! her affections are as fresh and as pure as were the flowers which she scattered there, and *some* day—may it be far off yet—loving hands will do for her what she has done for others, when she shall have gone

"To gather the rose of her youth again,
In the beautiful garden of souls."

Thus ended the Memorial Solemnities for this year. [illegible]

whet[illegible]
niver[illegible]
from th[illegible]
old-time [illegible]
but tha[illegible]
fit for[illegible]
where[illegible]
who w[illegible]

"T[illegible]
But tr[illegible]
Who dared [illegible]
To vindicate the freeman's law;
And from the land they could not save,
Took its last gift—a freeman's grave!"

For the News and Farmer.

MESSRS EDITORS:—Will you permit us to ta[illegible] advantage of your columns to call the attention of the friends of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in this section, to the fact that the Presiding Elder is closing one of the most success[illegible] year's labors ever performed in this Distri[illegible] he has not received more than two tenths of his claim on the District. He has been compelled to draw upon his private resources, or go in debt for provisions to support his family, and even before he could leave town last week to pursue his labors, he was compelled to borrow corn. This is not as it ought to be. The laborer in the vineyard of the Lord is no less worthy of his hire than he who labors elsewhe[illegible] should be paid to him freely and p[illegible] very small sum from each member w[illegible] ate this righteous claim, and we have that when the matter is brought to the the Methodists of the District, it will be responded to. Their apparent apathy, hith[illegible] was doubtless the result of inadvertance, an[illegible] forgetfulness of the fact that preachers of the gospel and their families must be fed, lodged and clothed like other people. We do hope that this communication may have the effect for which it is intended; that the funds will be promptly collected, and paid over.

STEWARDS.

Asheville, N. C. June 19th, 1869.

The Mails.

Asheville has had no mail *via* Morganton since last Saturday week, the 12th inst., consequently we know little or nothing of what has been doing in Raleigh, or other parts of the State. The heavy rains a couple of weeks since, washed the track in the vicinity of Statesville for some miles, and one of the smaller bridges was carried away. Such accidents will happen sometimes, but they are no excuse for detaining for an unreasonable period the government mails, thus embarrassing for days and weeks, the business operations of an entire section of country. Had the *will* existed, the *way* could readily have been found to push the mails through at a very inconsiderable expense. How soon our people are to have through communication again is a problem which none beside the railroad management can solve, but we hope it will be in a few days at farthest.

☞ Our new minister to England, Motley, seems to be getting along very peaceably thus far. He has not touched John Bull on any of his sore places yet, and all is serene.

☞ The Florida Legislature ratified the 15th Amendment on the 16th inst.

Madison Superior Court.

Since our last issue, we have received additional information regarding the business transacted at Madison Superior Court.

In the case of the State *vs* William Buckner, charged with beating his wife, the Court did not send the the case to the jury, but instructed the Clerk to enter a verdict of "Not Guilty." The evidence in this case went to show that defendant had struck his wife in the face, bruising her eye so severely that it was closed next morning, and that black bruises were visible upon her face a week afterwards. As an excuse for his severity, defendant stated that his wife had, on a couple of occasions, parties with fiddling and dancing, at his house, during his absence, which was in disobedience of his orders. Among other general remarks, the Court said, in effect, that where the injury was not permanent, or the act malicious, the defendant was not guilty in law: that a husband had a right to correct his wife when she misbehaved, and ought to do it, and that it would be well for the women of the country to know that such was the law.

The next case called was the State *vs* William Buckner, the same who was defendant in the preceding action, charged with beating his mother while he was intoxicated. For this offence he was found guilty, and sent to jail for ten days.

State *vs* Nancy Franklin for stabbing Susan—in a fit of jealousy last fall. Judgment was suspended upon payment of costs. Our readers will remember this case; the wound inflicted was a severe one, and for a while the life of the injured woman was thought to be in danger.

State *vs* Reuben Deaver, for assault upon Mrs. Buckner, a widow; defendant submitted, and judgment was suspended upon payment of costs. There were sundry other cases upon the docket against defendant, but the evidence was not called for, and they were settled in the same way.

The only civil case of importance was that of Thos. D. Carter *vs* Gen. Robt. F. Hoke and others, concerning the Cranberry Iron Works. The cause is to be retained in Madison, but removed temporarily to Buncombe for hearing at the coming term of the Court, and the decision certified back to Madison.

In connection with this latter case, the following paragraph taken from criminal reports in the New York *Tribune* of the 1st, may prove interesting to our readers:

The May Term of the Court of General Sessions terminated yesterday. City Judge Bedford, during the Term, disposed of 98 indictments—70 of the defendants were convicted and sentenced, and 20 were acquitted. The Grand Jury, in the same time, had brought in 148 indictments, and had passed upon 169 cases. Before the adjournment of the Court an opinion was rendered in the case entitled "The People agt. George W. Swepson, Robert R. Swepson, E. Nye Hutchinson, Robert F. Hoke, and Thos. J. Sumner, the facts in which appear to be that Mr. Thomas D. Carter, a resident of North Carolina, employed Robert F. Hoke as his agent, and authorized him, in that capacity, to visit this city and negotiate for the sale of certain lands in North Carolina. It is also alleged that Hoke on arriving here had an interview with George W. Swepson, Robert R. Swepson, F. Nye Hutchinson and Thomas J. Sumner, in which interview they entered into what is termed a conspiracy to cheat and defraud Mr. Carter out of the real market value of his lands in North Carolina. The defendants demur to the indictment, and say that it was clearly a case where, had the complainant used [illegible]

under the [illegible]
M., and Rev'd F. Rich[illegible]
the [illegible]
examination was [illegible]
Prima[illegible]
Committee [illegible]
the pupils [illegible]
that they had pursu[illegible]
pleasure in stating to the
dents, generally, exhibited
in the different branch[illegible]
had turned thei[illegible]

[illegible]
effect. The classes on [illegible]
themselves very creditably. Those who had been studying the classics seem to have not been idle students, distilling the beauty and strength of language from Grecian and Roman Springs. Likewise, those who had been perusing the higher English branches acquitted themselves very well indeed. The exercises were continued for two days, closing on the evening of the 10th inst., the time occupied being sufficiently long to show conclusively that the instructors had been energetic and persevering in their vocation as Teachers, for which they are justly entitled to the thanks and appreciation of the friends of education everywhere. The discipline of the school has been strict, and, at the same time, mild and affable. The recitations were an intellectual feast to the scholar, and will be long remembered on the part of those who had the pleasure to witness them.

The Examination being thus ended on Thursday, the following day was taken up by a public Exhibition, attended by a large and attentive audience. The exercises began at an early hour in the morning by reading compositions by the little girls, and declamations from the little boys Declamations were, also, delivered by the young men. In the afternoon, original compositions read by the young ladies and orations made by the young men, likewise their own production, the diction of which was rich and the manner of delivery very impressive. The exercises were enlivened and interspersed with enrapturing music. The exercises of the day thus passed

of much to the gratification of the spectators and to the praise and honor of the Teachers and pupils.

At night, there was a public discussion by several members of the Lyceum, which is attached to the school, of which Dr. A. G. Woodfin is the presiding officer. The young gentlemen of this society demeaned themselves well, and, after a lengthy discussion, the three day's work was finished.

The Committee have thus given a brief but true accounts of what came under their observation. No statement has been made that the facts in the case will not fully warrant. We commend the institution to those who have children to educate, as being, in every particular worthy of patronage. The neighborhood is one of the best in Western North Carolina, composed of an industrious and intelligent people.

The next session will begin on the 26th of July next, and it is hoped under favorable auspices.

D. H. GRAVES.
H. G. WOODFIN,
J. D. REYNOLDS,
JOHN OSBORNE,
E. L. ALLEN,
Examining Committee.

MILL'S RIVER HIGH SCHOOL, N. C.

DEATHS.

SILER.—Died, on the 11th inst., of consumption at the residence of her husband in Franklin, N. C., MRS. MARY Q. SILER, wife of Rev. L. F. SILER.

She died as she had lived, an humble Christian.

Asheville Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY

EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEWS AND FARMER,
BY CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT.

Wheat, bus.	1 50 to 1 75	Tallow, lb.,	12½ to 15
Rye, "	to 1 00	Beeswax, "	25 to 30
Corn, "	to 1 00	Molasses p,r gal	1 to 1 50
Meal, "	to 1 00	Dr'd Apples,	1 50
Oats, "	50	" Peaches,	2 00
Potatoes, bush. good,	—	Jeans (coun'y)	65 to 1 00
" sweet "		Cotton Yarn,	2 15a2 25
Flour, 100lbs	5 00 a 6 00	Feathers, new, lb.	50
Bacon, per lb	18 to 22	Leather, sole, "	40 to 50
Butter, " dull,	20	" upper, "	75
Lard, " to	20	" harness, "	65
Chickens, each	20	Beef Hides, dry,	20 a 21
Eggs, per doz. - -	10	" " green,	10 a 12
Cheese, (cou'y) p'r lb	—	Rags, cotton p'r lb	2 1-2
Flaxseed, p'r bush.	1 50	Honey,	12½ to 15

Third Round

Quarterly Meetings for Asheville District.

Mills River	"	at Oak Grove "	26–27
Hendersonville	"	at Edneyville	July 3–4
Catawba	"	at North Cove "	10–11
Burnsville	"	at Bakersville "	17–18
Marshall	"	at Jewel Hill "	24–25

District Meeting at Mills River Academy, August 13. Bishop Paine to Preside.

JNO. BORING, P. E.

Special Notice to Stockholders.

A FULL MEETING of the Members of the Joint Stock Company of the Asheville Female College is earnestly desired, at the College Chapel, on Friday, the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

June 24. 425 1t

WANTED.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES!

25,000 POUNDS of Dried B... ries, for w...

highest mark...
We also ...

...ESTABLISHMENT ...

...ully informs the ...he is prepared ...Household Fur- ...as ...AUS, TABLES, ...ERS, &c. ...ner, and at prices that will defy competition.

The public are invited to call at G. M. Roberts' Store in Asheville, and examine my style of workmanship for themselves.

All orders left at Mr. Roberts' Store will be punctually attended to.

☞ Walnut and Cherry Lumber taken in exchange for Furniture.

R. H. JARRETT.

May 13. 419 tf

...esville,	...			5 03	" "
" Catawba,	6 ...	"	"	7 58	" "
" Newton,	7 1...	"	"	6 48	" "
" Hickory,	8 1...	"	"	5 55	" "
" ...ard,	9 0...	"	"	5 10	" "
...ve Morganton	9 47 "	"	"	4 15	" "
				3 30	" "

...Connects at Salisbury with the through train on the North Carolina Railroad.

S. McD. TATE, Superintendant.

MILLS RIVER HIGH SCHOOL.

THE THIRD SE... ...N of this Institution ...ad end December 24, ...g allowed for losses ...

...M., President and ...l Philosophy. ...B., Profes... ... Science. ... Professor (elect) of ... English Lite...ture. ...ner of Primar... Department.

CHARGES:

FOR A SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Primary Department, - -	$ 7 50
Second Department, - - -	12 50
Third Department, - - - -	15 00
Contingent Fee, - - - - -	50

Board in private Families, $8 00 per month.

Ministers and Minister's Children admitted at half price, as to tuition.

Books furnished in the neighborhood.

No deduction for absence, except in case of protracted sickness.

Persons are requested not to send in their Children until they shall have made satisfactory arrangement in reference to the charges of the past.

Encouraged by the attendance of NINETY PUPILS during the past session, we solicit and hope for an increased attendance during the coming term.

For particulars, address Rev. R. N. PRICE, Mills River, Henderson County, N. C., or

J. A. CORPENING, *Sec'y Board.*

June 1869. 425 6m

Seltzer' Aperient,

SEWING MACHINE OIL.
COD LIVER OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
HALL'S HAIR RESTORATIVE,

Just received, at

CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT'S.

FINAL NOTICE.

IS hereby given to all persons indebted, by note, to the late firm of ALEXANDER & BURNETT, that all such notes are now in my hands, and my necessities compel me to collect them. I have waited long for persons to call and settle, and if this notice is not heeded they must settle with a lawyer.

J. S. BURNETT.
Asheville N. C.

June 10 423 3t.

WARM SPRINGS,
MADISON COUNTY, N. C.

Now Improved to Accommodate SIX HUNDRED GUESTS.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for the reception and accommodation of visitors on the **1st of JUNE.**

Its situation, on the French Broad River, in the Mountains of North Carolina, is wild, beautiful and picturesque; is only seven miles from the terminus of the Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston Railroad, in a country that abounds with good Fishing and fine Hunting, and is pleasant, healthy and salubrious.

THE BAR,
Billiard and Bowling Saloons,

supplied with every article and convenience, are of the finest order. An excellent Band will be in constant attendance during the season. A DAILY LINE OF COACHES will run between the Springs and Railroad.

Visitors leave the E. T. & Va. R. R., at Morristown, via. C. C. G. & C. R. R.

ANALYSIS:

Three quarts of Water. Muriate of Lime and Magnesia, 4 grains; Sulphate of Magnesia, 6 grains; Sulphate of Lime, 16.65 grains; Insoluble residue, 2.05 grains; Loss, 1.10 grains; or 4.52 grains to the pint.

Healing Properties:

The Baths at Warm Springs will be found very generally safe and satisfactory for most persons. They are admirably suited to many cases of obstinate chronic diseases, especially to CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, PALSY, and other cases depending on obstructions and loss of vascular and muscular energy. There are also other Mineral Waters of good medicinal properties on the premises.

TERMS:

Board, per Month, - - -	$40 00
" " Week, - - -	12 00
" " Day, - - -	2 50

E. L. APPLING, Proprietor.

J. N. BOSANG, *Manager.*

June 24. 425 1m

SCHOOL.

THE subscriber will resume his School, at his home, on the 21st of June, inst., will receive pupils on the following terms, per session:

Primary English Department	$10 00
More advanced English Studies	15 00
Same, with Mathematics	20 00
" " " and Latin or Greek	25 00
French	5 00
Board, per month	15 00
Contingent Fee	50

Tuition and Board payable one half in advance. Session 20 weeks.

He would rather not receive young men who are not disposed to give all the school hours to study.

STEPHEN LEE.

June 10. 423. 2t.

THE CAROLINA HOUSE.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

OUR friends and the public generally will please take notice that the "Carolina" is now open for TRANSIENT and REGULAR BOARDING. This favorite and well-known house has undergone a *thorough renovation in all its departments*, and our prices are very reasonable for the times.

We hope you won't fill our friend Blair too full, and whenever he runs over, you are respectfully asked not to forget there is another house open for the same business.

B. J. SMITH, Proprietor.

June 3d 1869. 422 4t

WALTON HOUSE,
MORGANTON, N. C.

THIS popular and fashionable Summer resort will be put in thorough condition for the reception of visitors and travelers during the coming season. The reputation of this House as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL will be maintained, and if satisfaction is not given no charge will be made.

The travelling public will find *clean beds, comfortable rooms, polite and attentive servants, a fine Bar, and a* FREE OMNIBUS.

Bynum and Co's Livery Stables are attached to the hotel.

The Asheville Stage arrives and departs from this Hotel and has its office in the house.

May 20 420 6m.

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. LOU. E. BENSON informs her friends that she is still attending to all kinds of work in the Millinery line.

She has some pretty bonnets and trimmings on hand, for a low price, her new stock having just arrived.

Residence at West end of Asheville, on Haywood Street.

May 27 421 1m

MORE NEW GOODS!
AT
CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT'S.

FRESH arrivals of Dress goods, Prints, Ribbons and Flowers and Ladies Hats.

ALSO

Fresh Buckwheat Flour in 25lbs. Sacks.

A FEW BUSHELS SEED BUCKWHEAT.

Large lot family Flour, Lard, Bacon, Corn and Corn meal, More of that good Coffee still on hand.

June 10 423

MULE LOST.

ON Monday the 1st inst., a Black Mare Mule, about 9 or 10 years old, about 14 hands high, escaped from the enclosure on the Clayton Contract of the Western Division of the W. N. C. R. R., and made her way in the Mountains.—She has a circular brand with the letters F. E. on the left shoulder. Any one, giving information of her whereabouts to Mr. Clayton, on the road, or to the Editor of the *News* will be rewarded.

E. CLAYTON.

June 10th 423 3t

INTERESTING CONTRACTS.
AT
CLAYTON, RAY & SMITH'S
FRENCH BROAD N. C.,

MAY be made on good terms contracts for Ladies Hats, new Prints &c &c, just received. Call and see.

June 8th 423

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!!

CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT,

AT THE OLD STAND OF ALEXANDER, ROBERTS & CO.,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR HANDSOME

STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Selected with an eye to the Taste of the people of Western North Carolina.

THESE GOODS ARE FOR SALE and at prices as accommodating as any in the market. You will certainly find it to your interest to CALL AND SEE THEM.

All Marketable Produce Taken. Cash Paid for Hides.

April 1, 1869. 413 1y CLAYTON, RAY & BURNETT.

ALEXANDER, RAY & SMITH,
At the Old FRENCH BROAD STAND,

ARE NOW RECEIVING a well Selected Stock of SPRING and SUMMER Goods, which they offer at prices as low as they can be bought *ANY WHERE IN WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.* They purpose keeping constantly on hand such articles as

IRON, THREAD, LEATHER, COFFEE, SUGAR, &C.,

and will buy all MARKETABLE PRODUCE, AT ASHEVILLE PRICES, and pay CASH FOR HIDES. You will find it to your interest to CALL AND SEE THEM.

April 1, 1869. 413 1y ALEXANDER, RAY & SMITH.

S. HAMMERSHLAG. C. H. FELDSTEIN.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!!

ARRIVAL OF NEW AND
SEASONABLE GOODS
AT THE STORE OF
Hammershlag & Co.

THE subscribers respectfully announce that they have just received a fine and extensive stock of New Goods, selected by one of the firm in person, especially with a view to the wants of the people in this section, and which they offer to their customers at unprecedented low prices.

This Stock comprises a full assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Best Madder Colored Prints 16⅔ cts per yd.
Cotton Delaines.....20c per yard.
Other fabrics cheap in proportion.

LADIES' HATS,

of the latest styles. LADIES' GLOVES, HOSIERY, SHOES &c. &c. to suit all tastes.

READY MADE CLOTHING

Selected with care, and of the most approved fashions. A fine and varied assortment of HARDWARE, CROCKERYWARE, SOAPS AND PERFUMERY.

GROCERIES.

A full and fresh stock, which we sell as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Country Produce Taken,

in exchange Goods at Cash prices.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

One of the firm, C. H. Feldstein, will manage our business in Asheville, and always be on hand to attend to the wants of our friends.

HAMMERSHLAG & CO.

June 3d 422 tf.

State of North Carolina.

HENDERSON COUNTY.

In the Superior Court.

Elizabeth Freeman, vs. Isaac R. Freeman. } Petition for Divorce, &c.

IN this case, It appearing to the Court that the Defendant is a non-resident of this State, and resides in the State of Georgia,; upon motion it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the *Asheville News*, a newspaper published in Asheville, for six successive weeks, requiring the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Henderson, at the Court house in Hendarsonville, on the 10th Monday after the 3d Monday in August next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or Judgment pro confesso will be entered against him, and the cause set for hearing ex parte.

Witness, C. M. PACE, Clerk of said Court, at office, in Hendersonville, the 26th May, 1869.

C. M. PACE, Clerk,
By J. C. Gullick, D. C.

June 3. 422 6t

YARBROUGH HOUSE,
Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE Proprietor, in returning his sincere thanks to the Travelling public for the libera patronage extended to him during his connection with this Hotel. takes occasion to assure them that no effort or expense will be spared to retain the present reputation of the Hotel as one of the very best in the South.

He is continually making improvements, and has now a BATH ROOM and BARBER SHOP connected with the Hotel.

He hopes to have the pleasure of welcoming to the YARBROUGH HOUSE his old Customers and many new friends.

J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor.

August 20, 1868. 382 1y

NATT ATKINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WILL give prompt attention to all business of his Profession and the Purchase and Sale of Real Estate.

REFERS TO—Waterhouse, Pearl & Co., Bankers, New York; Col. C. H. Mills, Baltimore; Maj. Campbell Wallace, Supt. W. & A. R. R. Ga.; Hon. A. S. Merriman, Raleigh N. C.; Hon. J. L. Bailey, Asheville, N. C.,

OFFICE IN THE ROOM IN REAR OF "NEWS AND FARMER" OFFICE.

DR. S. S. GRANT,

DENTIST,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

April 22. 416 tf

Alexander Ray & Smith.

AT the old FRENCH BROAD stand, are still adding to their presen Stock by new arrivals.

They are doing a fine business and their terms and Stock are such as will soon bring to them the old custom of the stand.

May 19 419 tf.

Wanted Immediately,

50 HEAD OF FAT BEEF CATTLE, and ONE HUNDRED HEAD OF SHEEP, for which I will pay the highest price in CASH.

W. W. SMITH.

April 29. 417 4t

HILLSIDE SCHOOL,
Asheville, Buncombe County, N. C.

MRS. R. H. CHAPMAN hopes, with competent aids, to organize, on Monday, the 19th of April, 1869, a BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for

YOUNG LADIES,

in which will be taught the ordinary branches of an English education, Latin, French, Musick, Drawing, Painting, &c.

TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Payable, Half in Advance:

English Tuition of Pupils above 12 years of age, - - - - - - -	$20 00
" " " below " "	15 00
Musick, with use of Instrument, -	22 50

Latin, French, Drawing, Oil, Antique and Oriental Painting, Wax-work and Hair-work, at the customary prices.

Board, Washing, Fuel and Lights, per month, Fifteen Dollars. No extra charges or requirements.

Having taught in New Berne and in Wilmington. N. C., from 1845 until 1861, Mrs. Chapman refers to all who were the prominent inhabitants of those cities prior to 1861.

16th March 411 1y

North Carolina Land Company.

Incorporated by Special Act of General Assembly

FOR THE LOCATION OF

NORTHERN AND EUROPEAN SETTLERS,

FOR THE SALE OF

IMPROVED FARMS, TIMBER AND MINERAL LANDS, HOUSES, MINES, WATER POWERS, &C.

Also, otton, Tobacco and Naval Stores,

On consignment, and advances made on same. Improved Agricultural Implements, Fertilizers, Machinery, &c.

AND

NEGOTIATE LOANS

ON

Mortgage or other Securities.

Those having Lands or Farms for sale, will find it to their advantage to communicate with this Company.

☞ No charge made unless a sale is effected, and then only 5 per cent., to be paid when sale is perfected.

OFFICERS:

GEO. LITTLE, *Pres't.* R. W. BEST, *Sec. & Treas.*

AGENTS AND DIRECTORS AT RALEIGH:

Hon. R. W. Best, Col. Geo. Little,
Geo. W. Swepson, R. Kingsland.

AGENTS AND DIRECTORS IN N. YORK & BOSTON:

A. J. Blecker, Son & Co.

Raleigh, N. C.
March 11. 410 3m

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Drs. HARDY & SUMMEY

CONTINUE to practice Medicine and Surgery, and will give prompt attention to all cases entrusted to them. Their office is still in the building next to the Cape Fear Bank building.

Dr. HARDY will always be found, when not on professional business, at the Eagle Hotel.

Dr. SUMMEY will be found at his residence, when not on professional business.

A SPECIAL CALL.

ALL persons indebted to us are requested to make payment. Corn, Flour, Meat, or any other produce, necessary for the sustenance of man and beast, will be gladly accepted in liquidation of all indebtedness.

J. G. HARDY, D. F. SUMMEY.

Dec. 3. 397 tf

MEDICAL.

Drs. Hilliard & Neilson

HAVE again associated in the practice of Medicine in its different branches and will give prompt attention to all calls day or night.

Special attention will be given to surgical cases.

Dr. Hillard can be found at his Drug Store, Dr. Neilson at his residence in the North end of town, when not professionally absent. We respectfully ask all persons indebted to us for services rendered, during our former partnership to call and settle at once.

Feb. 1, 404 3 m.

WANTED BY THE

NORTH CAROLINA
Home Insurance Company.

AN active Agent in every county in the Western part of the State. Applications, with recommendations, should be made to the General Agent at his Headquarters in Asheville. The General Agent will also visit the Western Counties in person, and will receive applications by mail for Insurance against FIRE, LIGHTNING and TORNADO. None but *live* men need apply for Agency. ROBT. B. VANCE,

General Agent, N. C. Home Insurance Co.

Asheville, Feb. 25. 408 tf

M't Hermon Lodge, A.·. Y.·. M.·.

The Regular Monthly Meetings of this Lodge, are held at the Lodge Room, in Asheville, the first Thursday, on or before the full moon of every month, at 7 P. M., until further notice.

The meeting for the month of June, will be on the 17th.

Members of the Lodge will take due notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the W.·. M.·.

J. M. ISRAEL, *Sec'y.*

Feb. 11, 1869. 406. 1y.

E. J. ASTON,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Dec. 3. 397 tf

LANDS! LANDS! LANDS!

KEESE & McCULLY,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE.

WILL ATTEND TO THE BUYING AND SELLING OF

SOUTHERN LANDS.

Keep Constantly on hand Plats and Descriptions of Lands for Sale.

PARTIES desiring to purchase in the South, and those who desire to sell their property will find it to their interest to consult with us. We have correspondence in New York, Boston, Hartford, Conn., Baltimore and other Northern Cities.

Those who wish to sell their lands will please send us a full description and plat and deeds of the same.

Parties wishing to purchase, either North or South, will do well to correspond with us.

Any information cheerfully given. No charge is made unless sales are effected. References given on our card.

KEESE & McCULLY,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
Anderson C. H., South Carolina.

April 8 414 3m

C. COWAN,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.,

In Room No. 1, Over J. M. Alexander's Store.

WISHES to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just received a small Stock of New WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, which he offers for Sale at low prices. All Watches and Clocks regulated, put in good order before leaving his shop, and warranted.

Repairing of Watches and Jewellery being his main business, all such work will be done satisfactorily, and at reasonable charges.

Particular Notice.

All articles left with me for repairs, which are not paid for and taken away within six months afterwards, will be sold at private sale for the cost of repairs, if nothing more.

C. COWAN.

April 29. 417 tf

D. C. McGREGOR'S
Carriage and Wagon Factory,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Shop on the South End of Main St.

THE proprietor in returning his sincere acknowledgments to his numerous friends and acquaintances for the liberal custom he has enjoyed for the past ten years, would take occasion to solicit a continuance of the same.

To new customers he would say that he is prepared to execute all orders for

Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Carts, Wheel-barrows, with promptness, and in the most workmanlike manner.

Second Hand

SPRING WAGONS, CARRIAGES and BUGGIES constantly for sale at low and accommodating prices.

Particular attention given to repairing, painting and trimming.

☞ Lumber, Spoke Timber, or Country Produce taken in exchange at market prices.

D. C. McGREGOR.

May 6. 418 tf

TRY

PANKNIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS.

THEY CURE DYSPEPSIA,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

STOMACH AND LIVER.

THEY ARE RECOMMENDED BY THE

MEDICAL FACULTY.

HEGEMAN & CO.,
AGENTS, NEW YORK.

Manufactured by C. F. PANKNIN,
CHEMIST AND APOTHECARY,
CHARLESTON, S.C.

☞For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.☜

Feb 25, 1869. 408 1y

N. W. WOODFIN. C. M. MCLOUD.

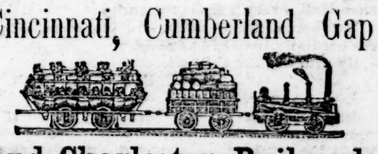
WOODFIN & McLOUD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,

Will practice together in the counties of Buncombe, Madison, Yancey, McDowell, Henderson, Transylvania and Haywood.

OFFICE, Asheville, N. C., at the Law Office of N. W. WOODFIN, where one of the firm can always be found, unless absent at one of the above Courts.

Feb. 25. 408 1y

Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap



And Charleston Railroad.

OPENED to Wolf Creek, 40 miles from Morristown and 8 miles from Warm Springs, North Carolina, on the 2d, inst.:

The Shortest, Cheapest and best ... from Western North Carolina ... Western Cities.

Runs in ... connection with the great "Air Line" ... Norfolk to Memphis.

Connects at "Terminus" of Road, with 1st class "Stage Line" for Asheville and Morganton, N. C., and Greenville, S. C.

"Through Freight" from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York to Wolf Creek, upon the most liberal terms.

"Wagon Road" from "Terminus" of Road to Asheville, mainly a 1st class "Turnpike."

Passengers make close connections, both at Wolf Creek and Morristown.

The patronage of the "Mountain Counties" solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Farmers will find a good market at Wolf Creek, for all their productions and can procure their supplies of Staple Commodities, upon terms that must give satisfaction.

Trains run Tri-Weekly on Monday's, Wednesday's and Friday's, as follows:

Leave Wolf Creek,	6.30 A. M.
Arrive at Morristown,	9.50 A. M.
Leave Morristown,	1.45 P. M.
Arrive at Wolf Creek,	5.05 P. M.

R. C. McCALLA, Sup.

Nov. 10, 1868. 398 tf

1869. 1869.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
CONSTITUTIONAL UNION.

The Liberties of the People in Greater Danger than Ever.

Threatened Change of the Republic into an Empire.

IMPERATIVE NEED OF INCREASED VIGILANCE OF THE PEOPLE.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION is the only Democratic Newspaper published at the seat of the General Government and has been designated by the National Executive Committee as the Central Metropolitan Organ of the party. It is justly considered the most full and complete vehicle of Washington news and gossip, and is besides one of the most desirable Family Newspapers in the country. In addition to this, it will introduce every week the most thrilling and interesting original and selected Stories, Novelettes, Poetry, Anecdotes, and other reading, which will make it an indispensable visitor at every Family Circle.

Inviting attention briefly to these new features, and assuring our many friends that in all our relations we shall maintain our previous reputation, we offer the following unexampled inducements to CLUBS:

Single copies, one year,	$ 2 00
Two copies, one year,	3 75
Five copies, one year,	9 00
Ten copies, one year,	17 50
Twenty copies, one year,	30 00
Fifty copies, one year, to one address,	55 00
One hundred copies, to one address,	100 00

Terms for Subscriptions Always in Advance.

Any person who will send us a Club of Twenty Subscribers, with Thirty Dollars, will be sent an extra copy of the paper.

☞ Subscribers had better, for their own security, enclose Post Office Orders, where such are procurable, in preference to all other kinds funds. ☜

Address, THOS. B. FLORENCE,
Editor Constitutional Union,
Box 84, Washington City Post Office.

May 13. 419 tf

The most popular and most successful Life Insurance Company in the world,

IS THE

National Life Insurance Co.,

OF THE

United States of America.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868

Cash Capital paid in full $1,000,000.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE MOST VIRULENT opposition from many of the Life Insurance Companies of the United States, it has issued already 3,000 Policies, amounting to

$10,000,000,

which is an evidence of a popularity unheard of in the history of any other Company in the world, and the largest policies have been issued to prominent members of Congress, who have had their attention drawn to its attractive and exceedingly liberal features by the unsuccessful motion made in Congress for the repeal of its charter, at the suggestion of jealous companies, who knew it was impossible, but hoped thus to check its rapid strides to public favor and confidence.

The Advantages Offered by this Company Are:

It is a National Company, chartered by Special Act of Congress, 1868.

It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.

It offers low rates of Premium.

It furnishes Larger Insurance than other Companies for the same money.

It is definite and certain in its terms.

It is a Home Company in every locality.

Its Policies are exempt from attachment

There are no unnecessary Restrictions ien th Policies.

Every Policy is Non-forfeitable.

Policies may be taken which pay to the Insured their full amount and return all the Premiums, so that the Insurance costs only the interest on the Annual Payments.

Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured after a certain number of years, during life, an Annual Income, of One-Tenth the amount named in the Policy.

No Extra Rate is charged for Risks on the lives of Females.

It insures not to pay Dividends, but at so low a cost that Dividends will be impossible.

Local Agents are wanted in every City and Town and application from competent parties for such agencies, with suitable endorsements, should be addressed to the Company's General Agent only, in their respective Districts.

General Agents of the Company.

S. L. RIDDLE, Ag't, Charlotte, N. C., for Mecklenburg and Counties adjoining
Drs. MILLER & JONES, Med. Ex., Charlotte.
P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh,
General Agent for North Carolina
Dr. CHAS. E. JOHNSON, Raleigh,
Medical Examiner and State Referee,
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington City,
General Agents for U. S. A.
C. M. McLOUD, Asheville,
Agent for Buncombe and adjoining Counties.

March 4. 409 3m

HOLSTON CONFERENCE FEMALE COLLEGE.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THE SECOND TERM of this old and popular Institution opens on Dec. 31st, 1868, and ends with the Collegiate year, Thursday, 20th of May, 1869. We have competent teachers in all the Departments.

TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition from	$18 00
Contingent fee,	2 00
Board, exclusive of washing,	60 00
Use of Instrument,	22 50
Languages, Modern and Ancient,	7 00

Charges for Painting, Drawing, &c., Moderate.

Every Pupil must furnish her own Towels, Toilet Soap, one pair of Sheets and Pillow Cases, one Flannel Blanket. Every article of wearing Apparel, as well as Towels, Sheets, &c., must be durably and distinctly marked with the owner's full name.

Superior facilities for instruction in Music and French.

Asheville is unsurpassed for health and climate, Social, religious and educational advantages. Let parents inquire.

Payments *Semi-annually, promptly in advance*

For further information, send for Circular or Catalogue. JAS. S. KENNEDY, *President.*

June 11. 372 tf

TANNER WANTED.

WANTED, in Buncombe County, in this State, as a partner in a Tannery, a practical Tanner to superintend and devote his time and labor, against a Yard, in full operation, with a present capital of $2000, to be added to from time to time. A small capital required to ensure sufficient interest in the enterprise.

For further particulars apply to John Carpenter, Leicester, N. C, or to S. Carpenter, Saltville, Va.

May 26. 420 1m.

We have resurrected the following "ancient pome," attired it in a new and fashionable dress and served it up for the delectation of those who read this corner. For the satisfaction of the curious we will observe that the original is *not* to be found among the Percy Reliques.

DEBORAH LEE.

"'T is better to have loved and lost,
Than never to have loved at all."

'T is a dozen or so of years ago,
Somewhere in the south countree,
Where all the sweet maidens be,
That a nice girl lived, as few of you know,
By the name of Deborah Lee:
Her sister was loved by Edgar A. Poe,
(He wrote on her death a poem or so—
Annabel Lee she was called, you know:)
But Deborah by me—
Yes, Deborah by ME!

Now I was green and she was green
As a summer squash might be,
But we loved as warmly as other folks,
I and my Deborah Lee—
Adorable Deborah Lee:
With a love that the lovers of Dixieland
Envied both her and me.

The roses slept in her dimpled cheeks,
And laughed on her lovely lip,
While the bumblebee made mistakes sometimes,
And bummed around for a sip
Of the sweets that floated out on the breath
Of my radiant Deborah Lee,
And, innocent fool, was slapped to death,
For daring to steal from me—
To steal such sweets from ME!

But somehow it happened long ago
In the sickly south countree—
In the agueish south countree—
That a chill March morning gave the shakes
To my beautiful Deborah Lee;
They shook the roses out of her cheeks,
And silenced her maiden glee,
And the grim steam doctor (cuss him) came
And bore her away from me—
The Doctor and Death, old partners they,
In the agueish south countree.

The angels wanted her up in heaven,
(But they never asked for *me*—
No, never an ask for me!)
And that is the reason, I rather guess,
In the agueish south countree,
That the cold March wind, and the Doctor and Death,
Took off my Deborah Lee,
From the warm sunshine and the opening flowers,
The innocent birds and the laughing hours,
And bore her away from me.

Our love was as strong as a six-horse team,
Or the love of folks older than we,
And possibly wiser than we;
But Death, with the aid of the Doctor and steam,
Was rather too many for me;
So he closed the peepers and stopped the breath
Of my sweetheart, Deborah Lee:
Her miniature still to my heart I fold,
But over my love a stone is roll'd,
And her form lies cold in the graveyard mold—
Silent and cold—ah me!

The foot of the squirrel shall press her grave,
And the sweet, wild, southern flowers,
In their odorous beauty around it wave
Through all the summer hours—
The still, bright summer hours;
And the birds shall sing in the tufted grass,
And the nectar laden bee,
With a dreamy hum on his gauze wings pass,
But she wakes no more for me—
Ah! nevermore for me.

The breeze shall sing in the summer night
Her requiem soft and slow,
And the moon shall shimmer its silver light
On the silent spot below—
The spot where she sleeps below:
But she will not mind the hymn of the wind,
Or see where the moonbeams play,
For the Doctor and Death and the dratted Steam,
Have made her as deaf as a hickory beam,
And blind as a bunch of hay—
The poorest kind of hay.

Yet oft in the hush of the dim, still night,
A glorious vision I see,
Gliding soft to my bedside, a phantom of light,
Dear, beautiful Deborah Lee—
My bride that was to be:
And I wake to mourn that the Doctor and Death
And the cold March wind should stop the breath
Of my darling Deborah Lee;
That the angels should want her up in heaven
Before they wanted ME!

But the years shall come, and the years shall go,
And I shall still nearer be
To the beautiful land where the soft winds blow,
And the waters from luminous fountains flow
At the feet of Deborah Lee,
Whose spirit still clings to me—
Ah! evermore to me:
And the day will come when the angels of love,
Who look through the star-woven lattice above
For souls that pant to be free,
Will pity the faith that was kept so true
The lonely and lingering life-path through,
And *then* they will ask for me—
Ah, yes, they will ask for ME!

Young ladies are generally honest, but they will *hook* dresses; strange to say, they never do it except when many *eyes* are on them.

A sorely slandered individual is advertising for a strong adhesive plaster, to make busybodies stick to their own business.

Egotists are the blindest fools in the world; they can never talk without trotting out the eternal "I," and are so blind that they cannot see how other people are laughing at their harmless but ridiculous folly.

Love the land which gave you birth, obey its laws, reverence truth and honor virtue; always do what your conscience approves as a duty, regardless of the opinions of men, and leave the consequences with your Maker.

A Quaker [illegible] to a fair Quakeress, popped the question "Hum—yea, and verily, [illegible] the spirit urgeth and moveth me wonderfully to beseech thee to cleave unto me, flesh of my flesh, and bone of my bone."

"Hum—truly, Obadiah, thou hast wisely said, inasmuch as it is written that it is not good for man to be alone, lo and behold I will sojourn with thee."

"What is the use of being eminent?" exclaimed a well known political judge, as he was looking over a lot of pictures in a shop window: "Here I've been a judge for nearly a year, and though everything bad might be said about me, yet I do not find a single caricature of me in all this lot. Bah!"

And his judgeship walked on, nursing his indignation, and revolving in his mind that great problem, "What is fame?"

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRIZE!

North Carolina Mutual Home Insurance Company.

Incorporat'd Decemb'r 1868

CHARTERED CAPITAL,	AMOUNT NOW LIABLE FOR LOSSES.
$500,000.	**$150,000.**

OFFICERS:
JAMES H. FOOTE, President.
W. E. PELL, Vice Pres. SEATON GALES, Sec.
R. H. BATTLE, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:

J. H. FOOTE,	J. H. DAVIS,
W. E. PELL	A. W. LAWRENCE,
W. R. MILLER,	W. D. JONES

P. A. DUNN.

Gen. Ag't for Western N. C., Gen. R. B. VANCE.
" " Eastern " THOS. THOMPSON.

Office: First door South of Raleigh Nat. Bank, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS HOME COMPANY, CHARTERED BY the Legislature of North Carolina, insures property against loss or damage by FIRE, LIGHTNING OR TORNADO, and does business on the Mutual and Joint Stock plans.

The character of those who control the affairs of the Company is a sufficient guaranty that it is what it professes to be, a HOME ENTERPRIZE, offering ample and liberal protection against loss by fire, &c., on the most easy and liberal terms to insurers.

The Twenty Thousand Dollars in N. C. Bonds required by the Charter to be deposited with the Public Treasurer, have promptly been so deposited and the Treasurer's receipt therefor obtained.

No other Company offers greater inducements to Insurers.

Now is the time for all who feel any interest in a Home Institution to come forward and encourage this Company—receiving, as they will, reciprocal benefit in the enhancement of value and protection of their property.

For further particulars, address the Secretary, or consult General or Local Agents, who will, in due time, be announced.

☞ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Feb 11. 406 4t

Change of Scheduleon G. C. R. R.

ON and after WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, Passenger Trains will run daily, Sundays excepted, connecting with the Night Train on South Carolina and Charlotte and South Carolina Railroads, as follows:

Leave Columbia at	7.00 a. m.
" Alston at	8.40 "
" Newberry at	10.10 "
Arrive at Abbeville at	3.00 p. m.
" at Anderson at	4.20 "
" at Greenville at	5.00 "
Leave Greenville at	5.45 a. m.
" Anderson at	6.25 "
" Abbeville at	8.00 "
Newberry at	12.35 p. m.
" Alston at	2.15 "
Arrive at Columbia at	3.45 "

Trains on the Blue Ridge Railroad will also run daily, Sundays excepted.

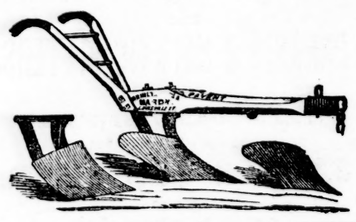
Leave Anderson at	4.30 p. m.
" Pendleton at	5.30 "
Arrive at Walhalla at	7.30 "
Leave Walhalla at	3.30 a. m.
" Pendleton at	5.30 "
Arrive at Anderson at	6.20 "

The train will return from Belton to Anderson on Monday and Friday mornings.

JAMES O. MEREDITH,
General Superintendent.

Feb. 4. 405

E. C. BRINLY. A. D. MILES. J. EDW'D HARDA.



Brinly's Universal—Pat. July 3, 1866, *July* 1867, *and August* 1867.

BRINLY, MILES & HARDY
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF
Brinly's ele brated Plows,
CULTIVATORS, COTTON SCRAPERS, SWEEPS, &C.
130 & 132 *East Main Street,*
LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞Send for Price List and Circular.
All Orders accompanied with the Cash promptly filled.

R. M. STOKES,
Agent for Western N. C.

Aug. 13, 1868. 381. t

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM of Alexander, Roberts & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons indebted to the Firm are requested to call on JAMES P. SAWYER and make settlement, *at once*, as it is necessary to close up the affairs of the firm immediately. THIS NOTICE IS INTENDED FOR ALL WHO OWE US.

JAMES M. ALEXANDER.
GOOD M. ROBERTS.
JOHN E. RAY.

March 25th 1869. 413

FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.

ASHEVILLE COUNCIL, No. 4, Friends of Temperance, holds its meetings in Temperance Hall, every Tuesday evening.

Members of the Council, and transient brethren cordially invited to attend.

By order of the Council.
ROBT. B. VANCE, *Pres't.*
J. S. ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

July 23, 1868. 378 tf

MARCUS ERWIN. M. E. CARTER.

ERWIN & CARTER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Will pr[illegible] comprising the Eleventh[illegible]gether in the Counties comtricts. Twelfth Judicial Dis-

April 15. 415 3m

[NO. 8.]

VALUABLE RESIDENCE IN THE TOWN OF ASHEVILLE, FOR SALE.

The house contains nine upright rooms, with 3 cellar rooms. The Lot contains 3½ Acres of Land. On the premises is a Spring of Fine Water, a Blacksmith's Shop, and other outbuildings. The Blacksmith Shop may be excluded in the sale, if desired by the purchaser. This property will be sold cheap, and possession given at once. For further particulars apply to R. M. Stokes, W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

IF THE LADIES

WANT DURYEA'S CELEBRATED CORN STARCH, call at
CRAYTON, RAY & BURNETT'S.

April 22. 416 tf

Support Your Own Papers!

—o—

NOW IS THE TIME

TO SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

ASHEVILLE

NEWS AND FARMER.

—o—

A LIVE NEWSPAPER,

DEVOTED TO

Agriculture,

General News,

Domestic Economy,

AND

General Literature

—o—

THE BEST INTERESTS OF

Western North Carolina

WILL BE

DEFENDED.

HER

RAILROADS

AND HER

MECHANICS

HER

COMMERCIAL

And all other Interests

WILL BE

ADVOCATED.

—o—

THE ELECTION IS OVER.

NOW LET US

GO TO WORK,

AND

MAKE OUR MOUNTAINS

"Blossom as the Rose."

EAGLE HOTEL.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
WM. P. BLAIR, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE has been long, well and favorably known to the travelling public.

The undersigned, on reopening the Hotel, desires only to assure the public that every attention necessary to the comfort of its patrons, in his power, will be cheerfully rendered.

WM. P. BLAIR.

Asheville, April 11, 1867. tf

SADDLERY
AND
HARNESS MAKING.

THE undersigned having removed his Saddle and Harness Shop from the old Stand to the Corner of Main and Haywood Streets, is now prepared to furnish everything in his line, at the shortest notice, and executed in the best style of workmanship.

Having received an extensive Stock of the very best Materials, he feels confident he can execute any work required satisfactorily to all who may favor him with their patronage.

All Work Warranted.

W. M. FARRISS.

June 11, 1868. 372 tf

J. D. HYMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY.

Will attend promptly to any business entrusted to his hands.

OFFICE, HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.

August 20, 1868. 382 tf

A. T. & T. F. DAVIDSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY.

WILL give prompt attention to all Professional business in Western North Carolina.

OFFICES AT
FRANKLIN, N. C., and ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Jan. 30. 356 tf

BATESVILLE
MANUFA TURING COMPANY.

HAVING received the Agency for the sale of Cloths and Yarns made by this Company, we are ready to supply dealers at Factory pricee.

DAVID & STRADLEY,
Wholesale Grocers, and
Commission Merchants,
GREENVILLE, S. C.

Nov. 7. 345 tf

J. W. SCHARTLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

CUTTING

Done promptly and accurately, and all pieces marked, so that the maker can insure

GOOD FITS.

All work warranted to be of the neatest and most fashionable style.

Prices for cutting, the same as before the war.

Asheville, Oct. 17. 342 tf.

LIFE, FIRE, INLAND
AND
MARINE INSURANCE
EFFECTED BY
E. J. ASTON,
Insurance Agent, Asheville, N. C.
REPRESENTING

THE ATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.
ASSETTS, ... $498,081,
THE SELMA UNDERWRITERS' AGENCY,
ASSETTS, ... $730,000.
THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD.
ACCUMULATED ASSETTS January 31st, 1867, $13,826,839.94.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

Dec. 5. 349 tf

Insure Your Life in the
Brooklyn Life Insurance
COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, ... $1,000,000.

Insures Policies of all Kinds, Life and Endowment.

Dividends declared and paid annually *in Cash.*

No restriction upon travel on the face of the Globe.

Part of the premium loaned, and no loan or premium note is a lien or claim on the Policy in case of death after second year. All Policies

Positively Non-Forfeitable.

CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, *President.*
WILLIAM M. COLE, *Secretary.*
ROBT. B. VANCE, Asheville, N. C., Agent, for Western North Carolina.

July 2, 1868. 375 tf

DAIRY FARM FOR SALE.

1500 Acres---All Under Fence.

500 *Acres l eared, and well set in Orchard Grass, Timothy and lover.*

SPRINGS IN ABUNDANCE.

Branches Running in Every Direction.

One-half, or more, of the uncleared land is rich Cove land.

Five good Cabins on the place. This Farm is one of the best in the country for Sheep Raising, Grazing and Dairy purposes. Payments made easy. Apply to

R. M. STOKES,
Western N. C. Land Agency,
Asheville, N. C.

☞I have also a number of other excellent Farms for sale, ranging from 100 to 2500 acres in size, and from $1 to $10 per acre.

R. M. STOKES, *Agent.*

BOYDEN HOTEL,
SALISBURY, N. C.,

BOARD, PER DAY, $3 00.
OMNIBUS FREE.

C. S. BROWN,
Proprietor.

J. J. BELL,
Superintendent.

Aug. 20, 1868. 382 tf

RAGS! RAGS!

WE will pay a fair price in Cash for clean white Rags. Or we will take Rags in pay or subscription to the *News and Farmer.*

R. M. STOKES.

What is this? absorbs me, quite
Improves my spirit, quickens sight,
Oh, tell me! tis the "QUEEN'S DELIGHT."

FOR THE
BLOOD! BLOOD!! BLOOD!!!

OF all the medicines known to the world, none have been attended with such marked appreciation by the profession and the people, on account of its extraordinary cures as

"Heinitsh's Queen's Delight."

Now is the time above all others to renovate the system, Invigorate the organs and cleanse out those perilous spots, pimples, corrupt sores, which pollute the life of the blood, and render your body a loathsome thing. They are the precursors of a diseased blood, and will assume a much more formidable shape, if allowed to go on unchecked. The QUEEN'S DELIGHT, the only real blood purifier that has ever been invented, as thousands will to-day attest, is offered to the afflicted as a positive remedy for all diseases flowing from a vitiated condition of the system.

THE LIFE OF THE FLESH IS PURE BLOOD. Upon this theory alone the inventor of the Queen's Delight establishes the great hygienic law, WITHOUT PURE BLOOD NO FLESH IS FREE FROM DISEASE. The Pale and Shrunken Forms, Yellow Faces, Weak Stomachs, Diseased Livers, Crippled Rheumatics, Nervous Hypochondriacs, Dyspeptic Victims of Headache, so common in this country, is owing entirely to the humors of the blood. Very many other diseases may be traced to bad blood, Scrofula or King's Evil, Erysipelas, Exanthema or Elevure, a rash or eruption on females; Blotches, Tetter, Goitre or Swelled Neck, Syphilis or Syphilitic Sores, Strumous Ulcers, &c.—These cannot be cured without purifying the blood. Now as to the remedy. There is no other blood purifier that will accomplish such positive and extraordinary cures as Heinitsh's Queen's Delight. You may take a barrel of extract Sarsaparilla, and still you will not be cured; and, as a proof of it, look around and you will observe the country, throughout its length and breadth, is flooded with compound Sarsaparillas, extracts and syrups, claiming to be blood purifiers, and yet we see to-day more evidence of impurity of the blood than ever.—Why is this? Simply because these extracts and Sarsaparillas are worthless medicines.

The Queen's Delight is a new compound, and is now the great blood medicine; sanctioned by the profession, patronized by the highest dignitaries of the land, endorsed by everybody.

In the brief period of twelve months, over 3,000 cases have been treated so successfully as to entitle it to be the wonder of the age.

For debility, prostration, nervousness, mental depression, impaired digestion, loss of appetite, restlessness, want of vital force Low, spirits; it is more invigorating and strengthening than all the compounds of bark or bitters. As a liver invigorator, it is of inestimable value. As a stimulant it is safer and surer than all the rum and whiskey tonics of the day, and if you value your life and health a pin's fee, avoid these quickening stimulants to the grave and use the Queen's Delight. Ask for Heinitsh's Queen's Delight. This is not the Extract of Stellingia or Queen's Delight, nor is it a compound Syrup of Queen's Delight, or Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight, but simply Heinitsh's Queen's Delight is the trade mark. Ask for this if you want to be cured, and see that the name of E. H. Heinitsh is on the wrapper.

Prepared only by E. H. Heinitsh. Wholesale agents. FISHER & HEINITSH,
Columbia, S. C
And for sale by E. J. ASTON,
Asheville, N. C.

July 2. 375 tf

Western North Carolina
LAND AGENCY.

I HAVE received lately, a large number of letters from persons who wish to purchase Lands in this section, but am unable to give positive answe[illegible] cluded to open an o[illegible] ville for the

Purchase a[illegible]
We[illegible]

Persons [illegible] Real Estate [illegible] for bringing this Agency, a[illegible] *purchase.*

All who des[illegible] office of the [illegible] scriptions of La[illegible] terms of Agency [illegible]

In order to facilitate the sale of [illegible] issue Monthly the "Land Register," in which a full description of Lands placed in my hands for sale will be given, and the "Register" sent to all parts of the South, and particularly to those who write to us for information, free of charge.

There are a large number of persons now living in those portions of the South where the negro element is in the ascendency, who are desirous of removing to this section. They know nothing of the Lands for sale, but would undoubtedly settle among us, if they could obtain proper information.

No charge will be made for Advertising or other expenses, until sales are made, when a per centage on sales will be charged.

R. M. STOKES.

October 22. 391 tf

[NO. 1.]

FINE GRASS AND FRUIT LANDS IN MADISON COUNTY.

2,500 *Acres, more or less, in Madison o unty, N. .*

We are authori ed to sell the bove number of acres of the finest Mountain Lands, situated in Madison County, within 3 miles of the French Broad Branch of the Western North Carolina R. R., which is now being located, and is expected to be put under contract for building in 3 months.

It has a number of small streams running through it, and the land is peculiarly adapted to all kinds of grasses, which makes this tract one of the best for STOCK Raising. The Timber on it is mostly Hickory, Lynn, Chestnut, Poplar, Black and White Oak.

The land will produce the finest Apples, all the Root Crops, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, Wheat and Corn.

For information address R. M. Stokes, Western N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

Price of the above land $1 per acre.

January, 1869.

Ladies' Sewing Society.

THE Ladies of the Asheville Presbyterian Church have organized a Sewing Society, for the purpose of raising funds to assist one or more poor young men who are desirous of studying for the Gospel Ministry, but have not the means.

Every description of sewing will be executed promptly and in the neatest manner.

The Society meets every Thursday evening at 3½ o'clock, at the residence of the President Mrs. R. M. STOKES.

All work left with the President will ensure prompt attention.

ANNA TENNENT, *Sec'y.*

Dec. 17. 399 tf

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
AT THE
News and Farmer Office,
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING EXECUTED in the best style, at the shortest notice, and as cheap as possible.

Pamphlets, Cards, Hand-Bills, Circulars, Bill Heads, Lawyers' Blanks.

PRINTING IN COLORS NEATLY EXECUTED.
GIVE US A TRIAL.
R. M. STOKES, *Proprietor*

[NO. 2.]

A Fine Buncombe [illegible]arm

100 *Acres of good Land for a [illegible]eneral Farm.*

This land is situated in Buncombe C[illegible]nty, N. C., on the McDowell Road, 3 miles [illegible]om the Hickory Nut Road.

30 ACRES are under fence. 40 A[illegible]es are cleared. 60 Acres are in Woodland, [illegible]isting of Hickory, Oak, Chestnut, and Pine T[illegible]ber.

Clover and other grasses will grow lu[illegible]riantly upon it. Wheat, Corn, Rye, Potatoes, C[illegible]bbages and every other kind of vegetables can be grown luxuriantly upon it.

APPLES, Pears, Cherries and Plums can be raised in perfection. There is now a small orchard started on it, with 25 of the choicest Apple Trees and a number of Peach Trees.

A good school within half a mile of the land. Methodist and Baptist Churches, from [illegible] to 4½ miles.

WATER. The water courses run so admirably through it that water can be secured to each field.

IMPROVEMENTS. A comfortable Log House, with two rooms, Smoke House, Barn, Stable and Corn Crib. All the out houses are Log buildings, but comfortable.

Address R. M. Stokes, W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C It can be bought at low figures.

January, 1869.

[NO. 3.]

HOTEL TO RENT.

I am authorized to rent one of the best located Hotels in Western North Carolina. It contains 20 sleeping rooms, a large dining room and a good reception room. 10 of the bed-rooms are furnished. Attached to the Hotel are a good Kitchen, three or four out-buildings, a fine Garden, and one of the best Orchards in the country.

It is one of the oldest Hotel Stands in this section, and in the hands of an able and energetic Landlord, will command a profitable business.

To a good Tenant the rent will be remarkably low. Address, R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 4.]

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE TOWN OF ASHEVILLE.

I offer for sale an elegant Residence in the town of Asheville, Buncombe County, N. C.—This residence is so situated as to command almost an entire view of the town and of the surrounding mountain district, with grand scenery.

The house is built of brick, of the cottage gothic style,—containing, in basement, two rooms, with an entry; stairs leading to 2nd story, where there are two elegant rooms and three in the upper story. Six fire-places in the house. In the yard there is a neat office, suitable for study or library, a smoke house, servants' house, stables, etc. There are two beautiful groves of forest trees in the front yard.—Also attached, an excellent young orchard of Peach trees. The lot contains about fifteen acres, a portion of which is well set in grass.

Apply to R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 5.]

2,530 ACRES OF LAND!

IN MADISON COUNTY, N. C.

We are authorized to sell the above number of acres of the finest Mountain lands, situated in Madison county, 12 miles from Marshall, (the county-seat,) 20 from the Greenville, Tenn., R. R. Depot, and 4 from the French Broad River, down which runs the F. B. Railroad, (uncompleted.) Big Laurel and a number of creeks and branches pass through the land; and though it has never [illegible] there is supposed to be Copper in [illegible] half of the mineral interest [illegible] the purchaser [illegible]

[illegible] county surveyors, may be seen at R. M[illegible] Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO 6.]

A RARE CHANCE FOR A G[illegible] CHEAP FARM IN BUNCOM[illegible]

200 ACRES, 3 miles [illegible] two miles from the W[illegible] being pushed for[illegible]

IMPR[illegible] with 4 rooms, Smo[illegible] Stables, Barn, Chic[illegible] House.

The land is well [illegible] Branches running th[illegible] of the finest water [illegible]

THE GRASSE[illegible] adapted to Clover [illegible] valuable for a Sto[illegible] and almos[illegible] luxuriantly [illegible]

There are 8[illegible] in this tra[illegible] 40 acres are [illegible] 100 acres in fine Oak, Hickory [illegible] land. As the Railroad will soon be [illegible] contract this woodland will be very profitable. There are also many lots of Branch Bottoms on it. Churches from 1 to 2 miles distant.

Indications of Mineral are very [illegible] on many parts of the land.

There is a small ORCHARD, of Fifty Summer and Fall Apple Trees, and about 30 Peach Trees.

This land can be bought cheap, if applied for soon. Address, R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 7.]

FINE LANDS AT THE FOOT OF PAINT MOUNTAIN FOR SALE.

2,000 to 2,600 Acres of Excellent land suitable for a fine Stock Farm, about ten miles from the celebrated Warm Springs, in Madison County, N. C., and 15 miles from Greenville, Tenn.

About 100 Acres in cultivation, which produces fine Wheat, Oats, &c. Several hundred acres of excellent Farming Land, in the woods, the remainder in fine Mountain land that will make first class pasture.

There is a good dwelling on this place.

Large quantities of IRON ORE, that must become valuable in a short time. It will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to R. M. Stokes, Land Agent, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.

[NO. 9.]

FINE LANDS IN MACON COUNTY, N. C.

400 ACRES of the finest quality of Lands for Dairy purposes, near Franklin, in Macon County, N. C.

This tract is directly on a Turnpike road, and within a few miles of the Blue Ridge Railroad, which, it is now determined to finish. This tract is perfectly level, with good water-power on it, and could be made a most valuale place.

This land can be purchased at $2.25 an acre, *cash.* The wood on it is worth double the money, for making potash. Address, R. M. Stokes' W. N. C. Land Agency, Asheville, N. C.

January, 1869.